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CASE STUDIES OF THE RISE OF LESBIAN, GAY, BISEXUAL, AND TRANSGENDER (LGBT) IN INDONESIAN SOCIETY

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Abstract

Ith the opposite sex and that is considered unusual because it is not in accordance with the teachings of Islam and our Pancasila. LGBT are seen as people with mental disorders and need therapy. According to people who do, they feel that what they are doing is not wrong because there is encouragement from outside so they don't feel guilty, but for ordinary people, they think that it is wrong and very unusual. The factors that influence individuals to experience LGBT are the living environment where the environment has a huge influence on changes in a person's character and behavior that can lead us in a positive or negative direction. And in an environment, we should pay attention so that we don't fall into negative things like LGBT.

Keywords: LGBT, Indonesian, Teenager

INTRODUCTION

Cases of sexual deviance in Indonesia are a taboo thing that is currently happening. At this time cases of sexual deviance, more precisely LGBT where the behavior of this sexual deviance, is not an incident that is easily accepted in today's society. This act of sexual deviance is basically triggered by a deviation in sexual orientation. Sexual orientation is the tendency to express one's feelings of attraction, romance, emotion, and sex to women, men, or a mix of both, Crews Douglas & Crawford Marcus. (2015).

However, at this time cases of LGBT in Indonesia are happening again incessantly, especially in big cities in Indonesia. This is because LGBT people are starting to have the



courage to express themselves, both in the real world and in cyberspace, while this is taboo and not according to the norms in Indonesia.

In Indonesia, the campaign movement demanding the legality of LGBT is also rife and has received important support from academics and feminist activists. They move from the realm of politics to theology. In the political field, this effort is realized by trying to pass a law that provides a loophole for the legalization of same-sex marriage

LGBT or GLBT is an acronym for "lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender". This acronym was created with the aim of emphasizing the diversity of "cultures based on sexuality and gender identity". Sometimes the term LGBT is used for anyone who is not straight, not just homosexual, bisexual or transgender. As such, the letter Q is often added so that queers and people who still question their sexual identity are also represented (eg "LGBTQ" or "GLBTQ", recorded since 1996).

Regardless of the differences in recognition of whether LGBT falls into the category of normal behavior or mental disorders, the more important thing to think about is the future of the nation's next generation who are currently exposed to LGBT "actions". However, LGBT is a form of behavior that is not fair and violates the norms of life for the Indonesian people. The resulting influence has a negative impact on the psychological health of children and adolescents as well as society. Even though 23 countries have recognized LGBT, the Indonesian people, who uphold eastern customs and are guided by religion, strongly reject this act and prevent the perpetrators from multiplying.

The influencing factors are environmental factors and also factors from birth and also factors from the family, where this will affect how the individual's condition evaluates the opposite sex and how he or she interacts either with the opposite sex or with the same sex.

METHODS

The method used in writing this journal is the library study method. The library study method is a series of activities related to the method of collecting library data, reading and recording, and processing research materials. The purpose of this literature study method is a series of activities related to methods of collecting library data, reading and recording, and processing research materials. Literature study is also referred to as an effort

made by researchers to collect information that is relevant to the topic or problem to be or is being researched (effendi, 2019).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Gender refers to anatomy and physique Baron, R dan Byrne (2003), while gender refers to everything else related to a person's sex. Sexual orientation that is common in individuals is sexual orientation towards the opposite sex based on anatomy or often referred to as heterosexual. There is also the term transgender which is used for individuals who have a sexual orientation other than heterosexual both in terms of anatomy and in terms of their social roles.

A. Lesbian

Lesbian is a term for women who direct their sexual orientation towards other women. This term also refers to women who love women physically, sexually, emotionally, or spiritually. This term can be used as a noun if it refers to women who like the same sex, or as an adjective if it means to characterize objects or activities related to same-sex relationships between women. Lesbian is also referred to as a homosexual woman who experiences love or is sexually attracted to other women (2009). The term lesbian is also used to express sexual identity or sexual behavior related to sexual orientation.

B. Gay

Gay is a term generally used to refer to homosexual people or homosexual traits. The term was originally used to describe feelings of "free/unattached", "happy" or "bright and flashy". The word began to be used to refer to homosexuality perhaps as early as the late 19th century AD, but became more common in the 20th century. In modern English, "gay" is used as both an adjective and a noun, referring to the people – especially gay men – and the activities and culture associated with homosexuality.

In the dictionary, gay is someone who is attracted to the same sex and is not attracted to the opposite sex. Gay is basically a term that refers to a (man) homosexual, that is, men who have sex with men of the same sex or men who have sex with men.



C. Bisexuallity

Bisexuality is romantic attraction, sexual behavior or sexual attraction to both men and women. Bisexuals are also called people with this sexual orientation who are attracted to two genders, both different and the same as them.

D. Transgender

Transgender is the dissimilarity of a person's gender identity to the sex assigned to him. transgender is not a sexual orientation of someone who is transgender identifies himself as a heterosexual, homosexual, bisexual or asexual person. a person designated as a certain sex, usually after birth based on gender, but feels that doing so is wrong and does not fully describe themselves. Or also known as someone who medically changes his gender from his initial gender to the opposite gender of his initial gender.

LGBT people who spread themselves in Indonesia

The increase in LGBT people in Indonesia this year, there have been many, and there have been several cases of LGBT people disturbing the Indonesian people which have become a hot topic of conversation among the people and the government. Among them, two UNP campus lecturers were fired because of indications of being LGBT. Reported by the detikSumut team, detikCentral Java, Tuesday 20 June 2023, the case was revealed because there were complaints from the family and wife. In addition, evidence was also found in the form of a flash disk left in the computer

LGBT occurs in Indonesia because many experience violence and discrimination in the world of work, housing, health, education and welfare. LGBT in West Sumatra is one of the highest in Indonesia, the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia said that West Sumatra is in fifth place with the largest number of LGBT, there are approximately 18 thousand registered as LGBT. And apart from the West Sumatra location, a case occurred: the Indonesian National Army (TNI) and the Indonesian National Police (Polri) were asked to cancel the decision to dismiss at least 15 TNI members who were suspected of "having homosexual behavior", said Amnesty International Indonesia Executive Director of Amnesty International Indonesia, Usman Hamid, said the decision to dismiss at least 15 TNI members who were suspected of having same-sex sexual relations was very unfair and reeked of hatred towards the Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT)



group. This case was very unexpected, it turned out that members of the TNI had been interested in this case for a long time and the legal decision said that this case should be dropped by deciding to dismiss at least several members of the TNI who were allegedly involved in this homosexual behavior.

Apart from this case, the LGBT case also attacked teenagers in a cafe in Jakarta, where a pair of boys were seen making out in a cafe, one of whom was sitting on his boyfriend's thigh and kissing the neck of the boy he was sitting on. Reported in Metro News "Around 21.55 WIB, a man with the initials SE (waiter) came to tell the reporter (security with the initials PH) that there were several men, namely EV's brother, and his colleagues, doing things indecent or inappropriate behavior in public".

It is suspected that the place where the cafe is located is an LGBT cafe, where there are many young same-sex couples making out (guys) without shame. They do it with their same-sex partners regardless of what passers-by in the cafe think.

From the various cases above, there are causes for individuals to carry out this LGBT relationship in the social field:

1. Loose or not values and norms,

The measurement of deviant behavior is not based on a measure of good or bad or right or wrong according to general understanding, but based on a measure of whether or not the social norms and values of society are loose. The social norms and values of one society are different from the social norms and values of another society. For example, in Indonesia, Kmpul Kebo is considered social deviation. In contrast to western society, the act of cohabitation is common and natural.

2. Imperfect socialization

In society there is often an imperfect socialization process that gives rise to deviant behavior.

3. Dissemination of deviant sub-cultures

Deviant behavior occurs in people who have deviant sub-cultural values, namely special cultures whose norms conflict with existing norms in general. For example, in a slum environment, ethical and aesthetic issues are not given due attention because they are busy trying to fulfill their basic needs (eating), often get into fights, utter dirty words and so on.



Factors that influence a person to experience LGBT

In the study of Counseling and Mental Health Care of Transgender Adult and Loved One, transgender phenomena are stated to appear not only because of environmental influences. Influences from culture (2016), physical, sex, psychosocial, religion and health also contribute in shaping individuals to become LGBT. According to Byrd, genetic factors are indeed a contributor to the formation of individuals who become lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender as outlined by LGBT people. However, that does not mean automatically making him LGBT. Parenting style is the most important factor in shaping and coloring a child's figure.

If the environment can influence behavior and conversely behavior can be influenced by the environment, then when the internalization of values begins, individuals can limit themselves to be wiser in responding to the LGBT phenomenon. Individuals can change perceptions as well as patterns of thought that conclude in patterns of behavior to reject or follow a particular phenomenon.

Currently, there are many teenage boys who act feminine. They speak softly with the style and intonation like women, wearing flashy colored clothes and postures that are not assertive. Teenage boys who behave like this are increasingly surfacing. Without realizing it, people have accepted their condition by continuing to interact as usual. Society does not show "oddity" in accepting them, so the behavior is getting stronger. Today's teenagers no longer feel strange by behaving gracefully, even the tendency to make it a life style is increasing their confidence in appearance. Imitation made by teenagers.

According to Saul McLeod, children observe models that provide examples of masculine or feminine behavior. Children just imitate without thinking about the object of imitating masculine or feminine behavior that is gender appropriate or not. Almost the same as imitation theory, the graceful behavior of young boys can be explained by observation theory (modeling). Behavior is formed by observing other people. There are four processes involved in this modeling process, namely:

1. Attention

is the attention paid by individuals in observing behavior. Children watching shows of graceful men continuously will create sensory impressions.



2. Retention

is a memory storage or memory of what they emulate. The impressions obtained through attention will be stored in memory. This newly acquired knowledge is stored by itself and can be recalled when needed.

3. Production

is the result of attention that has been retained. Teenagers can perform certain movements after having knowledge in their memory. Children's behavior will result in what they have seen and stored in memory. The behavior is produced repeatedly until it becomes habitual behavior.

4. Motivation

is the impetus that makes them behave gracefully. Motivation will appear the first time; strengthened as previously described. Adolescents who are "accepted" in society with such behavior tend to do it again; secondly, it has a specific purpose, such as making counterfeit behavior that can become a trend setter; third, want to be like the figure he idolizes.

CONCLUSION

There has been a significant increase in LGBT people in Indonesia from year to year, and there have been a number of cases regarding LGBT people which have worried Indonesian society which has become a hot topic of discussion among the public and the government. Many things have happened, such as the cases that are currently circulating, the number of sexual deviations in the surrounding area.

This deviant behavior of LGBT such as gays, lesbians who love the same sex, this behavior is a sexual deviation caused by several triggering factors such as family factors, genetic factors, environmental factors. With this it can be a trigger for someone to become someone who has a deviant sexuality.

On the basis of respecting human rights, the propaganda carried out by LGBT people must stop. Even if we are unable to stop it, trying to prevent and protect children from the bad effects of exposure to LGBT actions is something that must be done.



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